### Meniscus Repair Rehabilitation Program Root Repair / Unstable Repair

The Gundersen Sports Medicine Meniscus Repair Rehabilitation Program is an evidence-based and soft tissue healing dependent program allowing patients to progress to vocational and sports-related activities as quickly and safely as possible. **WB will be restricted for 6 weeks to avoid overstressing the healing tissue.** Individual variations will occur depending on surgical technique and the patient's response to treatment. **This program is outlined for mid body and posterior horn repairs of the meniscus** (for anterior horn repairs limit excessive extension initially).

If an **ACL Reconstruction and Meniscus Repair** are performed, limit ROM 0-90 for 2 weeks and then progress to full passively. No weightbearing flexion for 6 weeks. No squatting >90 for 4 months. Otherwise follow ACL protocol. Return to play will be 9-12 months.

Please contact us at 1-800-362-9567 ext. 58600 if you have questions or concerns.

Phase I: 0-6 weeks	Immediate post op maximum protection phase
Goals	Protect anatomic repair
	Minimize knee joint effusion
	Gently increase ROM, emphasis on extension
	Encourage quadriceps function
	Prevent negative effects of immobilization
ROM / Brace	Wk 0-2: 0-90 deg
	<ul> <li>After 2 wk, progress ROM as tolerated in NWB position with goal of full by 6-10 weeks but ideally ASAP. Knee flexion motion with WB should be discouraged until after 6 weeks.</li> </ul>
	Patient will use the post-op brace until wk 7-8.
WB	wk 0-6: NWB with brace locked into extension
Precautions / Guidelines	<ul> <li>Must follow the WB restrictions as mentioned above to protect the healing meniscus.</li> <li>Encourage AROM in NWB to promote healing, prevent atrophy of soft tissue and bone, and prevent a decrease in collagen content in the healing meniscus which occurs with immobilization. Early AROM does not affect the tensile properties of the meniscus.</li> <li>Emphasis on regaining extension ROM ASAP as this is the most stable position for the meniscus and will decrease stress to the PF joint during ambulation.</li> <li>No isolated resistance to knee flexion for 6 weeks secondary to the semimembranosus attachment to the medial meniscus / popliteus to the lateral meniscus.</li> <li>Avoid twisting and pivoting motions for 10-12 weeks to minimize shear forces.</li> <li>Avoid deep squatting (&gt;90 deg) until 4-6 months</li> </ul>
Modalities	<ul> <li>Cryotherapy 15 minutes in duration 3x/day</li> <li>IFC for pain/effusion if needed</li> <li>NMES quadriceps if needed</li> </ul>

#### Phase I: 0- 6 weeks Maximum protection phase

Meniscus healing phases: (Based on canine study)

wk 2: Fibrin clot

wk 5: Meniscal regeneration wk 10: Complete vascular healing

wk 24 (6 months): Complete scar remodeling

### Treatment Recommendations

Guidelines for progression based on tolerance

Visits may be decreased if ROM progressing well, SLR w/out a lag, no excessive swelling or pain

#### Active warm-up

ROM: Gentle stretching to attain full extension and gradual return of flexion. Progress as tolerated. Emphasis on full return of knee extension ASAP.

Low-load long duration stretching for extension with heat if needed (1st TERT= Total End Range Time)

Manual stretching for extension with overpressure or recurvatum Patellar mobilizations
PROM / AAROM / AROM

- Scar tissue massage / tissue effleurage to decrease sensitivity
- Flexibility exercises for hamstring, gastoc-soleus
- Consider Personalized Blood Flow Restriction to decrease muscle atrophy
- Therapeutic exercises. Gentle strengthening protecting the healing meniscus. Exercise in a pain-free manner. Encourage quadriceps activation. No isolated resisted knee flexion. Posterior chain extensibility exercises if indicated.

wks 1-6 Biofeedback QS, SLR

Short arc 0-30 quadriceps with biofeedback

Gastroc soleus strengthening NWB

Hip strengthening NWB: 4 way SLR, sidelye resisted ER

Hip circles for posterior chain extensibility

Core stability exercises if desired

ASLR kettlebell for core activation, ASLR core with rotation, Hollow holds, hollow holds with rotation, dead bugs with lat activation, TGU to elbow

- IFC for pain/effusion, NMES for quadriceps activation and control as needed
- Ice (in stretch for extension if needed) 2<sup>nd</sup> TERT
- HEP for 3<sup>rd</sup> TERT



Phase II: 6-12 weeks	Moderate protective phase
Goals	Minimize knee joint effusion
	Progress ROM as tolerated
	Progress WB and promote a normal heel-toe walking program
	Gradual progression of therapeutic exercises for stretching, neuro-muscular
	control, strengthening, and balance
ROM / WB / Brace	Progress ROM as tolerated with goal of full ROM by 8-10 weeks
	WBAT with brace unlocked for ambulation if good quadriceps control.
	Utilize crutches as needed until patient demonstrates a normal heel-to-toe
wks 7-8 D/C brace	pattern.
Modalities	Cryotherapy 15 minutes in duration 1-2x/day
	IFC for pain/effusion / NMES quadriceps if needed
Precautions /	No WB stretching into flexion until 8 wks
Guidelines	<ul> <li>Proximal control (core and hip) to prevent medial collapse/knee valgus</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Correct asymmetrical loading patterns: off-set stance, uni-lateral load,</li> </ul>
	RNT, 2:1 to single leg progression
	<ul> <li>Avoid twisting and pivoting motions for 10-12 wks to minimize shear</li> </ul>
	forces
	<ul> <li>Avoid deep squatting (&gt; 90 degrees) until 4-6 months</li> </ul>
Treatment	Active warm-up: Bike w/ resistance, Treadmill walking, wk 9-10: ER
Recommendations	Stretching for full extension and flexion
	Patellar mobilizations if needed
	wk 8: WB knee flexion stretch on leg press with light resistance
	Flexibility: hamstring, gastoc-soleus, iliopsoas, quadriceps if indicated
Guidelines for	Therapeutic exercises: Exercise in a pain-free manner. Gradual progression  with a validing modified colleges during strength pring and functional activities.
progression	with avoiding medial collapse during strengthening and functional activities (focus on hip abductor and external rotator strengthening and N-M control).
based on tolerance	Incorporate total leg strengthening and balance / proprioception exercises.
	Core strengthening exercises.
	CKC knee extension
	Hip strengthening
	Quadriceps OKC isotonics short arc with progression to full ROM
	Hamstring OKC isotonics 0-90 deg in seated position with light
	resistance (15 reps/set initially). Progress to prone at wk 9, progress to
	physioball wk 12.
	Total leg strengthening
	CKC exercises: Progress from 0-60 deg to 0-90 deg: leg press, wall squats, lateral step-overs, sit to stands, step-ups/step-downs,
	bridges, lateral hip hinge with medial reach, lateral hip hinge with lateral press,
	bridging with lat activation
	wk 7: leg press 2:1, partial BW squats and partial lunges with
	UE support as needed
	wk 8: Resisted sidestep with T-band, leg press 1:1,
	partial dead lifts,
	wk 9: Progress to full lunges, squats to 90 deg, posterior max
	lunge, squat and release, prone hamstring curls
	wk 10: Isokinetic quadriceps / hamstrings VSRP 150-300
	deg/sec submax to max, progressing to 90 deg/sec  Balance / Proprioception training: Double leg progress to single leg,
	static progressing to dynamic activities
	Core Strengthening: Pallof press, dead bug chop/lift
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Phase III: 12+ wks	Advanced strengthening and Gradual Return to activity phase
Goals	<ul> <li>Progress muscle strength and N-M control, endurance, balance activities.</li> <li>Ideally 3x/wk exercises at a fitness center, step-down, or home program</li> <li>Progress to higher level activity depending on demands and MD/PT approval</li> </ul>
	• Initiate a return to running program at 4 months if passes criteria and has no
	compensations with running pattern.
	<ul> <li>Initiate working on landing mechanics and agility drills at 4-5 months if passes criteria</li> </ul>
	Return back to vocational, recreational, and sport activities at 6-9
	months if passes criteria. Sports progression may take 2-4 weeks for
	full clearance back to full competition
Brace	Your MD may recommend a knee sleeve or functional brace to be used until
Modalities	<ul> <li>12 months from your surgery for higher level activities</li> <li>Cryotherapy 15 minutes 1x/day or after strenuous activity</li> </ul>
Precautions/	Correct asymmetrical loading patterns: off-set stance, uni-lateral load
Guidelines	Address fear avoidance behaviors with graded exercise progression, cuing,
	positive reinforcement, referral if necessary
	No deep squatting until 4-6 months
Treatment	Active warm-up: Bike, Elliptical Runner, Treadmill walking,
Recommendations	Continue with stretching and flexibility exercises as needed
	• Strengthening / N-M control / endurance exercises: Focus on strengthening
	and N-M control activities. Advance as tolerated with emphasis on functional
	strengthening. Avoid dynamic valgus during strengthening and functional activities. Progress with balance / proprioception exercises. Progress agility
	drills and working on landing mechanics. Progress to sports specific activities.
Return to Running Benchmarks:	Total leg strengthening: hip/quadriceps/hamstring
4 months	Hip strengthening – neuromuscular control to prevent knee valgus
Passes testing criteria -	Core strengthening – prevent frontal plane trunk lean during landing
See next page	Single leg strengthening
	CKC exercises: lunge progression, squat progression, step-up/downs Hamstring full ROM isotonics. Add in physioball HS curls
	Quadriceps isotonics in ROM without chondrosis
	Isokinetic quads/hams 0-full flexion if minimal chondrosis
Return to Landing Drills Benchmarks:	Balance exercises: Single leg, progress to dynamic and reactive
4 months	Wk 12-14: if adequate strength scores (quads 75%, hamstrings 75%), add
Passes testing criteria -	in sub-max foot placement drills, anterior lateral hop to stabilization, skaters to
See next page	prepare for return to running at 4 months
	4 months: Continue with strengthening and dynamic balance. Start running program. Progress to the following exercises if clinically appropriate Landing drills: Low amplitude sub-max drills:
During Landing drills:	Shallow jump landings, double to single line jumps, hopping
Focus on:	progress to higher level if meets criteria (see sidebar)
1.Soft landing with knee	Agility drills: Low amplitude sub-max drills:  Skipping F/B, jogging F/B, skaters, carioca, agility ladder.
flexion > 30 deg 2. no medial	<ul> <li>5 months to 6 months: Continue with strength and control drills related to</li> </ul>
collapse/knee valgus	sports specific movements. Progress with:
3. no hip IR/ pelvic drop	Landing drills/ jump hopping drills
Dynamic postural control	Agility drills: progress to higher level with speed and complexity:
CONTION	agility ladder drills, cutting/pivoting (changing directions),
	changing speeds, anticipated to un-anticipated
	6 months+: possible clearance for return to sport, depending on testing see next page for testing algorithm
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## Meniscus Repair Rehabilitation Program Testing and Return to Running/Sports Recommendations

Testing:

12 weeks (3 months)

SL 60 deg Stork test

Hip strength:

Abduction MMT or dynamometry Hip Abduction Side plank test

Biodex test:

No block

2 speeds: 180 deg/sec (5 reps) 300 deg/sec (30 reps)

Y balance test

Deep squat WB symmetry: 2D video or force plate

**FOTO** 

16 weeks (4 months) – RETURN to RUNNING – See benchmarks

Repeat previous tests not passed Anterior lateral hop to stabilization

Trial of running.
Landing assessment

Jump test: no arm swing – submax for apprehension/technique Single Hop test: no arm swing- submax for apprehension/technique

**Return to Landing Drills Benchmarks:** 

1.Time: at least 4 months 2.MD/ PT clearance

3.No knee joint effusion

4.Biodex: Limb symmetry of PT:

Quadriceps and hamstrings: 80-90% = sub-max landing drills Quadriceps and hamstrings: 90% = max landing drills

\*Minimize the following 4 variables with landing drills:

1. Stiff landing (<30 deg knee flexion)

2. Knee valgus

3. Hip IR / pelvic drop

4. Decreased dynamic balance

Return to running and return to play depends on:

Timeframe from surgery Test performance MD and PT approval

**Return to Running Benchmarks:** 

1.Time: at least 4 months post-op

2. MD / PT clearance

3. No knee joint effusion

4. ROM: limb symmetry: extension within 5 deg

flexion within 10 deg

5. Biodex:

Limb symmetry of PT:

Quad: 75% Hams: 75%

6. Anterior lateral hop to stabilization drill completed with no apprehension and good movement control

7. Proper running form: treadmill running (sub-max at self selected speed)

**Recommendations:** 

1.Biodex:

Quad PT/BW:

Males: 75%, 50% at 180,300deg/sec Females: 65%, 35% at 180,300deg/sec H/Q ratio: 65%, 90% at 180,300deg/sec

Total work at 300 deg/sec:

Quad: limb symmetry 75% Hams: limb symmetry:75%

2. SL 60 deg stork test:

Limb symmetry: 90%

3. Hip Abduction Side Plank test:

Level II or greater

4. Squat WB symmetry with near equal WB

5. Y balance: Limb symmetry: < 4cm



# Meniscus Repair Rehabilitation Program Testing and Return to Running/Sports Recommendations

#### 24 weeks (6 months)

Repeat previous tests not passed

Biodex test: Full ROM with no ext block 3 speed test: 60 deg/sec (5 reps),

180 deg/sec (5 reps), 300deg/sec (30 reps

Landing assessment:
Jump test: no arm swing
Single Hop test: no arm swing

Triple hop/Cross over hop test: arm swing Agility test: LEFT test components or time

#### 9 months / 1 year / 2 years

Knee ROM

Biodex test: Full ROM with no ext block

3 speed test: 60/180/300 deg/sec (5/5/30 reps)

Hip MMT or hand held dynamometry

Abduction Side Plank test

**Landing Assessment** 

Single Hop test

Triple Hop test/Cross Over Hop: arm swing Agility test: LEFT test components or time

#### Return to running and return to play

depends on:

Timeframe from surgery
Test performance
MD and PT approval



#### **Return to Play Benchmarks:**

- 1. Time: at least 6-9 months
- 2. MD/ PT clearance
- 3. No knee joint effusion
- 4. ROM: limb symmetry: extension within 5 deg, flexion within 10 deg
- 5. Biodex: Limb symmetry of PT 90% quad and hams
- 6. Landing Assessment: no faulty movement patterns
- 7. Single Hop test: Limb symmetry: 90%,
- 8. Triple Hop test or Cross-Over Hop Test Limb symmetry: 90%
- 9. Agility Testing with no compensation

#### Recommendations:

- 1. Biodex:
  - i. \*Quad PT/BW: (+/-5%)
    - 1. Males: 95%, 75%, 50% at 60, 180, 300 deg/sec
    - 2. Females: 85%, 65%, 35% at 60,180,300 deg/sec
  - ii. H/Q ratio: (+/- 5%)
    - 1. 65%, 75%, 90% at 60, 180, 300 deg/sec
  - iii. Hams PT/BW: (+/- 5%)
    - 1. Males: 60%, 35%, 25% at 60, 180, 300 deg/sec
    - 2. Females: 60%, 35%, 25% at 60, 180, 300 deg/sec
  - iv. Total work: 300 deg/sec
    - 1. Quads: Limb symmetry:90%
    - 2. Hams: Limb symmetry: 90%
- 2. Hip HHD 90% ABD/ER/extension
- 3. Y balance: Limb symmetry: < 4cm
- 4. Jump test:
  - i. Males: 90%-100% height
  - ii. Females: 80%-90% height
- 5. Single hop test:
  - i. Males: 80-90% heightii. Females: 70-80% height

#### **Return-to-Sports Progression:**

(2-4 wk, depends on tolerance)

Step 1:

1-on-1 drills (non-contact) sport specific

Step 2:

1-on-1 drills (contact) full speed sport specific

Step 3:

Team scrimmage (non-contact)

Step 4:

Team scrimmage no restrictions

Step 5:

Game activities with restricted playing time

Step 6:

Game activities with no restrictions



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