**Meniscus Repair Rehabilitation Program**

The Gundersen Sports Medicine Meniscus Repair Rehabilitation Program is an evidence-based and soft tissue healing dependent program allowing patients to progress to vocational and sports-related activities as quickly and safely as possible. Individual variations will occur depending on surgical technique and the patient’s response to treatment. This program is outlined for mid body and posterior horn repairs of the meniscus and root meniscus repairs. (for anterior horn repairs limit excessive extension initially).

If an **ACL Reconstruction and Meniscus Repair** are performed, follow the Meniscus Repair Program for 7-8 weeks, then transition to the ACL Reconstruction Program. Return to play will be 9-12 months.

Please contact us at 1-800-362-9567 ext. 58600 if you have questions or concerns.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Phase I: 0-6 weeks</th>
<th>Immediate post op maximum protection phase</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Goals</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Protect anatomic repair</td>
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<td></td>
<td>• Minimize knee joint effusion</td>
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<td>• Gently increase ROM per guidelines, emphasis on extension</td>
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<td></td>
<td>• Encourage quadriceps function</td>
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<td>• Prevent negative effects of immobilization</td>
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<td><strong>ROM</strong></td>
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<td>• wk 0-2: 0-90 deg</td>
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<td>• wk 2-6: progress as tolerated. Goal of full ROM by 6-10 weeks</td>
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<td>• Patient will use the post-op brace until wk 7-8.</td>
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<td><strong>WB</strong></td>
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<tr>
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<td>• wk 0-2: NWB with brace locked into extension</td>
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<td>• wk 2-6: NWB with brace unlocked if good extension ROM and quadriceps control.</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Precautions / Guidelines</strong></td>
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<td>• Must follow the WB restrictions as mentioned above to protect the healing meniscus.</td>
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<td>• Encourage AROM 0-90 deg in NWB to promote healing, prevent atrophy of soft tissue and bone, and prevent a decrease in collagen content in the healing meniscus which occurs with immobilization. Early AROM in limited range does not affect the tensile properties of the meniscus.</td>
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<td>• Emphasis on regaining extension ROM ASAP as this is the most stable position for the meniscus and will decrease stress to the PF joint during ambulation.</td>
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<td>• No isolated resistance to knee flexion for 6 weeks secondary to the semimembranosus attachment to the medial meniscus / popliteus to the lateral meniscus.</td>
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<td>• Avoid twisting and pivoting motions for 10-12 weeks to minimize shear forces.</td>
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<td>• Avoid deep squatting (&gt;90 deg) until 4-6 months</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Modalities</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Cryotherapy 15 minutes in duration 3x/day</td>
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<td>• IFC for pain/effusion if needed</td>
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<td>• NMES quadriceps if needed</td>
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Updated 11/2019
## Treatment Recommendations

Guidelines for progression based on tolerance

Visits may be decreased if ROM progressing well, SLR w/out a lag, no excessive swelling or pain

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Meniscus healing phases: (Based on canine study)</th>
<th><strong>Treatment Recommendations</strong></th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>wk 2: Fibrin clot</td>
<td>Active warm-up through ROM (Bike with limited motion)</td>
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<td>wk 5: Meniscal regeneration</td>
<td>Wk 0-2: Gentle stretching to attain full extension and 90 degrees of flexion. Emphasis on full return of knee extension ASAP.</td>
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<td>wk 10: Complete vascular healing</td>
<td>Low-load long duration stretching for extension with heat if needed</td>
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<tr>
<td>wk 24 (6 months): Complete scar remodeling</td>
<td>(1st TERT= Total End Range Time)</td>
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</table>

- Manual stretching for extension with overpressure or recurvatum
- Patellar mobilizations
- PROM / AAROM / AROM
- Wk 2+: progress range of motion per tolerance in NWB

- Scar tissue massage / tissue effleurage to decrease sensitivity
- Flexibility exercises for hamstring, gastoc-soleus
- Consider Personalized Blood Flow Restriction to decrease muscle atrophy

- wks 1-6 Biofeedback QS, SLR
  - Short arc 0-30 quadriceps with biofeedback (if no chondrosis)
  - Gastroc soleus strengthening NWB
  - Hip strengthening NWB: 4 way SLR, sidelye resisted ER
  - Hip circles for posterior chain extensibility
  - Core stability exercises if desired
    - ASLR kettlebell for core activation, ASLR core with rotation,
    - Hollow holds,  hollow holds with rotation, dead bugs with lat activation, TGU to elbow
- IFC for pain/effusion, NMES for quadriceps activation and control as needed
- Ice (in stretch for extension if needed) 2nd TERT
- HEP for 3rd TERT

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**Phase I: 0-6 weeks Maximum protection phase**
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<tr>
<th>Phase II: 6-12 weeks</th>
<th>Moderate protective phase</th>
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</table>
| **Goals**            | • Minimize knee joint effusion  
                       • Progress ROM as tolerated  
                       • Progress WB and promote a normal heel-toe walking program  
                       • Gradual progression of therapeutic exercises for stretching, neuro-muscular control, strengthening, and balance |
| **ROM / WB / Brace** | • Progress ROM as tolerated with goal of full ROM by 8-10 weeks  
                       • WBAT with brace unlocked for ambulation if good quadriceps control. Utilize crutches as needed until patient demonstrates a normal heel-to-toe pattern. |
| wks 7-8 D/C brace    | • Cryotherapy 15 minutes in duration 1-2x/day  
                       • IFC for pain/effusion / NMES quadriceps if needed |
| **Modalities**       | • No WB stretching into flexion until 8 wks  
                       • Proximal control (core and hip) to prevent medial collapse/knee valgus  
                       • Correct asymmetrical loading patterns: off-set stance, uni-lateral load, RNT, 2:1 to single leg progression  
                       • Avoid twisting and pivoting motions for 10-12 wks to minimize shear forces.  
                       • Avoid deep squatting (> 90 degrees) until 4-6 months |
| **Precautions / Guidelines** | • Active warm-up: Bike w/ resistance, Treadmill walking, wk 9-10: ER  
                       • Stretching for full extension and flexion  
                       • Patellar mobilizations if needed  
                       • wk 8: WB knee flexion stretch on leg press with light resistance  
                       • Flexibility: hamstring, gastoc-soleus, iliopsoas, quadriceps if indicated  
                       • Therapeutic exercises: Exercise in a pain-free manner. Gradual progression with avoiding medial collapse during strengthening and functional activities (focus on hip abductor and external rotator strengthening and N-M control). Incorporate total leg strengthening and balance / proprioception exercises. Core strengthening exercises  
                       • CKC knee extension  
                       • Hip strengthening  
                       • Quadriceps OKC isotonics short arc with progression to full ROM  
                       • Hamstring OKC isotonics 0-90 deg in seated position with light resistance (15 reps/set initially). Progress to prone at wk 9, progress to physioball wk 12  
                       • Total leg strengthening  
                       • CKC exercises: Progress from 0-60 deg to 0-90 deg: leg press, wall squats, lateral step-overs, sit to stands, step-ups/step-downs, bridges, lateral hip hinge with medial reach, lateral hip hinge with lateral press, bridging with lat activation,  
                       • wk 7: leg press 2:1, partial BW squats and partial lunges with UE support as needed  
                       • wk 8: Resisted sidestep with T-band, leg press 1:1, partial dead lifts,  
                       • wk 9: Progress to full lunges, squats to 90 deg, posterior max lunge, squat and release, prone hamstring curls  
                       • wk 10: Isokinetic quadriceps / hamstrings VSRP 150-300 deg/sec submax to max, progressing to 90 deg/sec  
                       • Balance / Proprioception training: Double leg progress to single leg, static progressing to dynamic activities  
                       • Core Strengthening: Pallof press, dead bug chop/lift, TGU to high post |
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<tr>
<th>Phase III: 12+ wks</th>
<th>Advanced strengthening and Gradual Return to activity phase</th>
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| **Goals**         | • Progress muscle strength and N-M control, endurance, balance activities. Ideally 3x/wk exercises at a fitness center, step-down, or home program  
• Progress to higher level activity depending on demands and MD/PT approval  
• Initiate a return to running program at 4 months if passes criteria and has no compensations with running pattern.  
• Initiate working on landing mechanics and agility drills at 4-5 months if passes criteria  
• **Return back to vocational, recreational, and sport activities at 6-9 months if passes criteria. Sports progression may take 2-4 weeks for full clearance back to full competition** |
| **Brace**         | Your MD may recommend a knee sleeve or functional brace to be used until 12 months from your surgery for higher level activities |
| **Modalities**    | • Cryotherapy 15 minutes 1x/day or after strenuous activity |
| **Precautions/ Guidelines** | • Correct asymmetrical loading patterns: off-set stance, uni-lateral load, RNT  
• Address fear avoidance behaviors with graded exercise progression, cuing, positive reinforcement, referral if necessary  
• No deep squatting until 4-6 months. |
| **Treatment Recommendations** | • Active warm-up: Bike, Elliptical Runner, Treadmill walking,  
• Continue with stretching and flexibility exercises as needed  
  - Strengthening / N-M control / endurance exercises: **Focus on strengthening and N-M control activities.** Advance as tolerated with emphasis on functional strengthening. Avoid dynamic valgus during strengthening and functional activities. Progress with balance / proprioception exercises. Progress agility drills and working on landing mechanics. Progress to sports specific activities.  
    - Total leg strengthening: hip/quadriceps/hamstring  
    - Hip strengthening – neuromuscular control to prevent knee valgus  
    - Core strengthening – prevent frontal plane trunk lean during landing  
    - Single leg strengthening  
    - CKC exercises: lunge progression, squat progression, step-up/downs  
    - Hamstring full ROM isotonics. Add in physioball HS curls  
    - Quadriceps isotonics in ROM without chondrosis  
    - Isokinetic quads/hams 0-full flexion if minimal chondrosis  
    - Balance exercises: Single leg, progress to dynamic and reactive  
  - Wk 12-14: if adequate strength scores (quads 75%, hamstrings 75%), add in sub-max foot placement drills, anterior lateral hop to stabilization, skaters to prepare for **return to running at 4 months**  
  - 4 months: continue with strengthening and dynamic balance. Start running program. progress to the following exercises if clinical appropriate  
    - Landing drills: Low amplitude sub-max drills:  
      - Shallow jump landings, double to single line jumps, hopping progress to higher level if meets criteria (see sidebar)  
      - Agility drills: low amplitude sub-max drills:  
        - Skipping F/B, jogging F/B, skaters, carioca, agility ladder.  
  - 5 months to 6 months: continue with strength and control drills related to sports specific movements. progress with:  
    - Landing drills/ jump hopping drills  
    - Agility drills: progress to higher level with speed and complexity:  
      - agility ladder drills, cutting/pivoting (changing directions), changing speeds, anticipated to un-anticipated  
  - 6 months+: possible clearance for return to sport, depending on testing – see next page for testing algorithm |
Meniscus Repair Rehabilitation Program
Testing and Return to Running/Sports Recommendations

Testing:

12 weeks (3 months)

SL 60 deg Stork test
Hip strength:
  Abduction MMT or dynamometry
  Hip Abduction Side plank test
Biodex test :
  No block
  2 speeds: 180 deg/sec (5 reps) 300 deg/sec (30 reps)
Y balance test
Deep squat WB symmetry: 2D video or force plate
FOTO

16 weeks (4 months) – RETURN to RUNNING –
See benchmarks

Repeat previous tests not passed
Anterior lateral hop to stabilization
Trial of running.
Landing assessment
Jump test: no arm swing – submax for apprehension/technique
Single Hop test: no arm swing- submax for apprehension/technique

Return to Jumping/Landing Drills Benchmarks:

1. Time: at least 4 months
2. MD/PT clearance
3. No knee joint effusion
4. Biodex: Limb symmetry of PT:
   Quadriceps and hamstrings: 80-90% = sub-max landing drills
   Quadriceps and hamstrings: 90% = max landing drills

*Minimize the following 4 variables with landing drills:
1. Stiff landing (<30 deg knee flexion)
2. Knee valgus
3. Hip IR/pelvic drop
4. Decreased dynamic balance

Return to running and return to play depends on:
Timeframe from surgery
Test performance
MD and PT approval

Return to Running Benchmarks:

1. Time: at least 4 months post-op
2. MD / PT clearance
3. No knee joint effusion
4. ROM: limb symmetry: extension within 5 deg
   flexion within 10 deg
5. Biodex:
   Limb symmetry of PT:
   Quad: 75%
   Hams: 75%
6. Anterior lateral hop to stabilization drill
   completed with no apprehension and good
   movement control
7. Proper running form: treadmill running (sub-max
   at self selected speed)

Recommendations:

1. Biodex:
   Quad PT/BW:
   Males: 75%, 50% at 180,300 deg/sec
   Females: 65%, 35% at 180,300 deg/sec
   H/Q ratio: 65%, 90% at 180,300deg/sec
   Total work at 300 deg/sec:
   Quad: limb symmetry 75%
   Hams: limb symmetry: 75%
2. SL 60 deg stork test:
   Limb symmetry: 90%
3. Hip Abduction Side Plank test:
   Level II or greater
4. Squat WB symmetry with near equal WB
5. Y balance: Limb symmetry: < 4cm
Meniscus Repair Rehabilitation Program
Testing and Return to Running/Sports Recommendations

24 weeks (6 months)
Repeat previous tests not passed
Biodex test: Full ROM with no ext block
  3 speed test: 60 deg/sec (5 reps),
      180 deg/sec (5 reps),
      300 deg/sec (30 reps)
Landing assessment:
  Jump test: no arm swing
  Single Hop test: no arm swing
  Triple hop/Cross over hop test: arm swing
Agility test: LEFT test components or time
FOTO

9 months/1 year /2 years

Knee ROM
Biodex test: Full ROM with no ext block
  3 speed test: 60 deg/sec (5 reps),
      180 deg/sec (5 reps),
      300 deg/sec (30 reps)

Hip Strength:
  MMT or hand held dynamometry
  Abduction Side Plank test
Landing Assessment
  Jump test
  Single Hop test
  Triple Hop test/Cross Over Hop: arm swing
Agility test: LEFT test components or time
FOTO

**Return-to-Sports Progression:** (2-4 wk, depends on tolerance)

1. Step 1:
   1-on-1 drills (non-contact) sport specific
2. Step 2:
   1-on-1 drills (contact) full speed sport specific
3. Step 3:
   Team scrimmage (non-contact)
4. Step 4:
   Team scrimmage no restrictions
5. Step 5:
   Game activities with restricted playing time
6. Step 6:
   Game activities with no restrictions

Return to running and return to play depends on:
Timeframe from surgery
Test performance
MD and PT approval

**Return to Play Benchmarks:**
1. Time: at least 6-9 months
2. MD/PT clearance
3. No knee joint effusion
4. ROM: limb symmetry:
   - extension within 5 deg
   - flexion within 10 deg
5. Biodex: Limb symmetry of PT:
   - Quad: 90%
   - Hams: 90%
6. Landing Assessment: no faulty movement patterns
7. Single Hop test: limb symmetry: 90%,
8. Triple Hop test or Cross-Over Hop Test: Limb symmetry: 90%
9. LEFT test or Agility Test with no compensation

**Recommendations:**
1. Biodex:
   *Quad PT/BW: (+/- 5%)*
    - Males: 95%, 75%, 50% at 60, 180, 300 deg/sec
    - Females: 85%, 65%, 35% at 60, 180, 300 deg/sec
   *H/Q ratio: (+/- 5%)*
    - 65%, 75%, 90% at 60, 180, 300 deg/sec
    - Hams PT/BW: (+/- 5%)
     - Males: 60%, 35%, 25% at 60, 180, 300 deg/sec
     - Females: 60%, 35%, 25% at 60, 180, 300 deg/sec

   Total work: 300 deg/sec
   - Quads: Limb symmetry: 90%
   - Hams: Limb symmetry: 90%

2. Hip Abduction Side Plank test:
   - Level III or greater
3. Y balance: Limb symmetry: < 4cm
4. Jump test:
   - Males: 90%-100% height
   - Females: 80%-90% height
5. Single hop test:
   - Males: 80-90% height
   - Females: 70-80% height
Meniscus Repair Program References


Barber FA, Harding NR: Meniscal Repair Rehabilitation. AAOS Instructional Course Lectures, 2000; 49, 207-209.


Saepga AA, Quedenfeld TC. Biophysical factors in range of motion exercises. Physician and Sports Medicine, 1981; 9, 57-65.

